## DETAIL 2.17-FOUNDATION WALL-VINYL, ALUMINUM SIDING

## **PURPOSE**

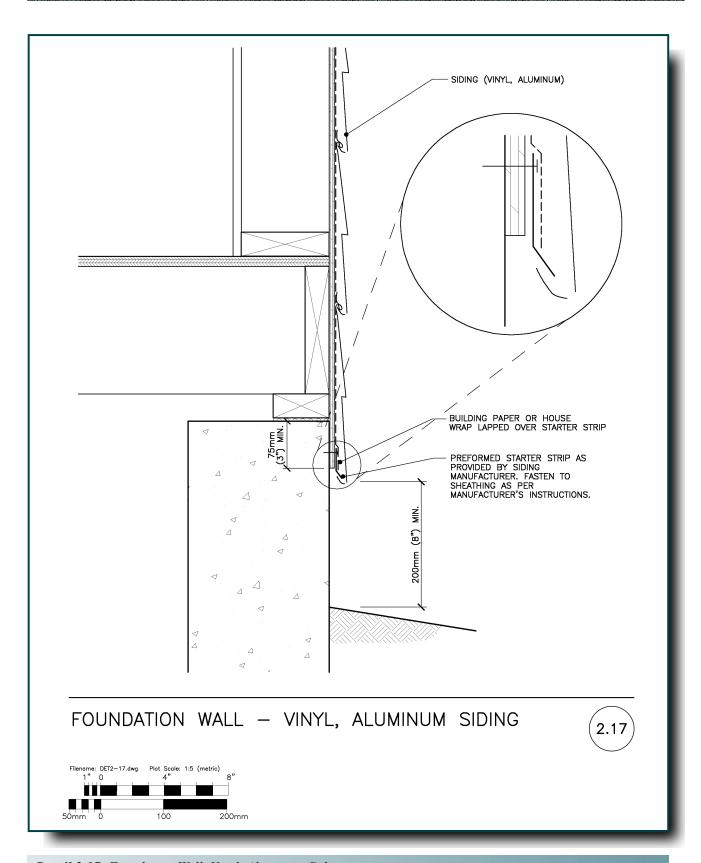
To intercept water behind the siding and direct it to the outside, away from the foundation wall.

## **How It Works**

- Moisture may enter the cavity as a result of:
  - rain penetration through the siding
  - · water vapour diffusion
  - leakage of moist air from the interior
- Building paper or house wrap (inside the cavity) acts as a barrier to rain penetration into the inner layer of the wall.

## **Designer Checklist**

	A horizontal siding application is shown, with a combination of starter strip and bottom siding panel to direct the water to the outside.
	For vertical siding applications, a separate base trim is specified to act as flashing and also to close the openings at the bottom of the siding profile.
	The flashing is shown to have a drip-edge projection.
	Mechanical fasteners are specified at regular intervals, maximum 300 mm $(12 \text{ in.})$ on centre, to ensure tight contact between the starter strip/flashing and the sheathing.
	Ensure that corners and end dams at openings are detailed.
Builder Checklist	
	Flashing is installed before the moisture barrier is installed.
	Building paper or house wrap is lapped over the vertical leg of starter strip/flashing and fasteners.
	The starter strip/flashing is properly fastened to the wall sheathing at sufficient intervals to provide a tight fit.
	Joints in the starter strip/flashing are properly lapped (minimum 100 mm [4 in.]).
	The bottom of the starter strip/flashing is extended below the top of the foundation wall, a minimum of 75 mm (3 in.), to cover the joint.
	For vertical siding applications, the joint between the flashing and the bottom of the siding is left open for drainage.
	Flashing is continuous at the corners.
	End dams are provided at openings.



Detail 2.17: Foundation Wall-Vinyl, Aluminum Siding